

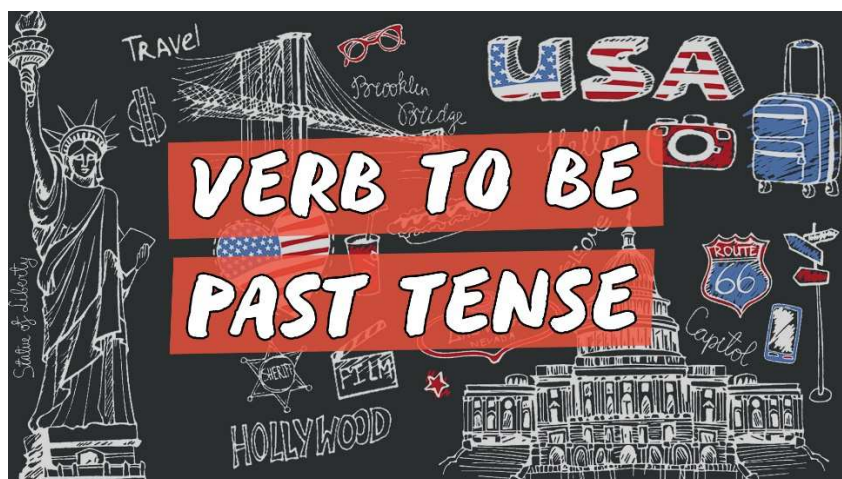
ESCOLA MUNICIPAL MANOEL BAPTISTA DA SILVA

Nome do aluno:		Semana: 36
Professor: CLEUZA	Data: 26/11/2021	Turma: 5º ANO
Componente Curricular: INGLÊS	Entrega: Copiar e responder no caderno ou imprimir e responder, tirar foto e enviar no particular.	

ATIVIDADE DE INGLÊS

Importante assistir aos vídeos antes de realizar a atividade. Clique no link a seguir:

<https://youtu.be/7VM11B-lws8>



LEMBRANDO QUE O VERBO TO BE É UM DOS VERBOS MAIS UTILIZADOS DA LÍNGUA INGLESA E PODE SER TRADUZIDO COMO **SER** OU **ESTAR**.

QUANDO USAR?

O **SIMPLE PAST** É USADO PARA INDICAR **AÇÕES PASSADAS JÁ CONCLUÍDAS**, OU SEJA, PARA FALAR DE FATOS QUE JÁ ACONTECERAM; QUE COMEÇARAM E TERMINARAM NO PASSADO.

NO **SIMPLE PAST** (PASSADO SIMPLES), AS FLEXÕES DO VERBO TO BE SÃO **WAS** E **WERE**.

Afirmativa		Negativa		Interrogativa
I was	-	I was not	I wasn't	Was I...?
You were	You're	You were not	You weren't	Were you...?
He was	He's	He was not	He wasn't	Was he...?
She was	She's	She was not	She wasn't	Was she...?
It was	It's	It was not	It wasn't	Was it...?
We were	We're	We were not	We weren't	Were we...?
You were	You're	You were not	You weren't	Were you...?
They were	They're	They were not	They weren't	Were they...?

EXERCISE

1. COMPLETE COM **WERE** OU **WAS**:

1. I _____ at school yesterday.



2. Gary and Sue _____ at school yesterday.



3. They _____ at the dance last Friday.

4. We _____ at the seaside last summer.



5. I _____ at the meeting last Tuesday.

6. You _____ on the basketball team in high school.



7. _____ that your mother in the car?



8. He _____ a great tree climber ten years ago.

9. _____ you kind and helpful to your friends?

10. She _____ a beautiful girl.

11. Yes, they _____ very good at English.

12. The dogs _____ in the living room

